Topic 3- Electrolytes

Multip	ole Choice:				
1.	show in the laborator manifest its basic pro A) On condition tha B) On condition tha C) On condition tha	of sodium hydroxide (Nory that this sample is a opperties? It it is dissolved in wate there is sufficient quant it is sufficiently computit it is in powder form	base. Under w r ntity of it		
Answe	er: A				
2.	acidic. 1.Dip a piece of coba 2.Dip a piece of red a 3.Check the electrica 4.Dip a piece of mag	alt dichloride paper into and a piece of blue litmal conductivity of the so mesium ribbon into the tests will definitely con B) 2 and 3	o the solution. hus paper into a lution. solution.	the solution.	??
Answe	er: B				
3.	$C_6H_{12}O_6$		OH KOH re an electrolyt C) M]
Answe	er: C				
4.		s of bases is that they dused to clear the grease B) MnO ₂			of a sink?
Answe	er: D				
5.	1. H ₂ SO ₄ Which of these subst	ances are given below. 2. Ca(OH) ₂ cances is a base? B) Substance 2	3. MgCl ₂ C) Substance	4. C ₂ H ₅ OH	D) Substance

Answer: B

6. Associate each substance with the correct characteristic.

Substances

Characteristics

1. Aqueous aluminium hydroxide, Al(OH)_{3(aq)}

a) acid

2. Aqueous calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH)_{2(aq)}

b) neutral

3. Aqueous acetic acid, HCH₃CO_{2(aq)}

c) basic

- 5. Aqueous acetic acid, $HCH_3CO_{2(aq)}$
- 4. Aqueous lithium hydroxide, LiOH_(aq)
- 5. Aqueous hydrogen chlorate, $HClO_{3(aq)}$ A) 1a, 2a, 3c, 4a and 5c
- C) 1c, 2a, 3b, 4c and 5a

B) 1c, 2c, 3a, 4c and 5a

D) 1a, 2c, 3b, 4c and 5a

Answer: A

7. Three colourless solutions were labelled as shown in the table below.

Solution	Label
X	MgCl ₂
Y	HNO ₃
Z	Ca(OH) ₂

Which of the following tables correctly indicates the nature of these three solutions?

C)

D)

A)	Solution	Nature
	X	Acid
	Y	Base
	Z	Salt

Solution	Nature
X	Base
Y	Acid
Z	Salt

B)	Solution	Nature
	X	Salt
	Y	Acid
	Z	Base

Solution	Nature
X	Salt
Y	Base
Z	Acid

Answer: B

8. To check the electrical conductivity of certain substances, a student used a conductivity apparatus equipped with a light bulb. Her observations are listed in the following table.

1 11 0	
Substances	Observations
HCl	Bright light
CH ₃ OH	No light
MgCl ₂	Faint light
NaOH	Bright light
CH ₃ COOH	Faint light
CCl ₄	No light

Which one of the following groups of substances contains only electrolytes?

- A) CH₃OH and CCl₄
- C) CH₃OH, NaOH and CH₃COOH
- B) HCl, MgCl₂ and CCl₄
- D) HCl, MgCl₂, NaOH and CH₃COOH

Answer: D

9.	Which statem A) A substan B) A substan C) A substan D) A substan	nce that connce that doence that con	ducts an elect s not conduct ducts an elect	etric cur et an ele etric cur	rent ctric cu rent wh		solved in	n an aqueou	ıs solution
Answe	r: C								
10.	Which of the A) NaNO ₃	_	s not a salt?) MgBr ₂		C) H ₂ ()		D) Al ₂ S ₃	
Answe	r: C								
11.	Scientific stude more acidic. 'aquatic species Which of the A) Lake 1	The pH of tes are threa Lake 1 2 se lakes pos	he water in fatened. The tatened. The tatened I - pH pH 4.2 6.5	four lake able belong the lake 3 4 est threa	es was i ow lists akes ex	the pH amined pH 7.0	ed to de I values I Comparison of the comparison	termine wh	
Answe	r: A								
12.	Which of the 1. NaOH 2. HCl A) 1, 4 and 7	H 3.	are bases ? LiF NH ₄ OH) 2, 3 and 8		5.BeO 6.HI C) 3, 5		7.KOF 8.CaC		d 7
Answe	r: A								
13.	Which of the 1. NaOH 2. HCl A) 1, 5 and 8	3. 4.	are acids ? LiF NH ₄ OH) 2 and 6		5.BeO 6.HI C) 5, 6		7. 8.	KOH CaCl ₂ D) 3, 4 an	d 7
Answe	r: B								
14. Answe	Five chemica 1- NF ₃ When dissolv A) 1, 2 and 3 r: C	2- CaCl ₂ yed in water	3- NaC	Ή	4- PCl npound C) 2, 3	s condu	5- HBi		d 5

15. The incomplete table gives information on three aqueous solutions.

Information on Different Aqueous Solutions

Solution	Chemical formula	pН	Electrical		
	of solute		conductivity		
1		2			
2			weak		
3	$C_6H_{12}O_6$				

Which of the following statements is true?

- A) Only solution 1 conducts an electric current.
- B) Solutions 1 and 2 conduct an electric current.
- C) Solutions 2 and 3 conduct an electric current.
- D) Solutions 1, 2 and 3 conduct an electric current

Answers: B

16. Four different solutions made with distilled water are described below.

Solution	Characteristic
1	Aqueous solution with a pH of 11
2	Vinegar solution (HCH ₃ COO)
3	Glucose solution (C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆)
4	Ionic solution with a pH of 7

Which of these solutions can conduct an electric current?

A) Solutions 1, 2 and 3

C) Solutions 1, 3 and 4

B) Solutions 1, 2 and 4

D) Solutions 2, 3 and 4

Answers: B

- 17. A student is testing the conductivity of a solution. She observes that the solution conducts electricity. Which of the following combinations includes ONLY substances that will cause the solution to conduct electricity?
- A) HF, LiOH, KBr

C) BeF₂, CCl₄, C₂H₅OH

B) C_2H_6 , CCl_4 , $C_6H_{12}O_6$

D) LiOH, NaCl, C₆H₁₂O₆

Answer: A

18. An unknown solid substance is dissolved to distilled water to form a solution. Two electrodes are connected to a light bulb and immersed in solution, as illustrated below. The light bulb goes on.

Why does the light bulb go on? Because the solution contains ...

A) ...mobile ions

C) ... mobile electrons

B) ...mobile atoms

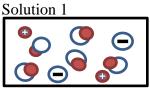
D) ... mobile molecules

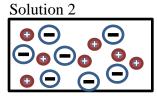
Answer: A

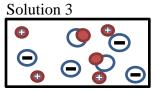
19. A student is designing a circuit with a light and an electrolytic solution as seen below.



The student notices that the brightness of the light varies according to which of the three solutions below is used to complete the circuit.





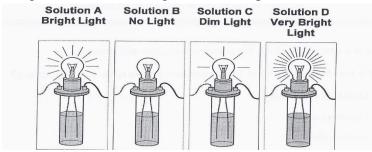


Which of the following ranks the brightness of the light, from dimmest to the brightest, when using the electrolytic solutions?

- A) 1, 2, 3
- B) 1, 3, 2
- C) 2, 3, 1
- D) 2, 1, 3

Answer: B

20. Ann is given the task of testing four unknown solutions. All four solutions are tested using two electrodes, a light bulb and a power source. The results are shown below.



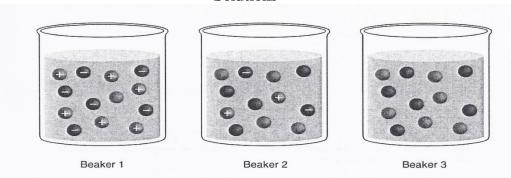
Which of the following choices ranks the solutions in DECREASING (highest to lowest) order of electrolyte dissociation?

- A) B C D A
- $B)\;B-C-A-D$
- C) D A C B
- D) D C A B

Answer: C

21. Solutions can be categorized as non-electrolytes, weak electrolytes and strong electrolytes. Glucose $C_6H_{12}O_6$, is a non-electrolyte when dissolved in water. Citric acid, $C_6H_8O_7$, the acid in orange juice, is a weak electrolyte when dissolved in water. Hydrochloric acid HCl, sometimes known as stomach acid, is a strong electrolyte. A drawing of the particles in three different solutions is shown below.

Solutions



Which of the following is correct?

	Beaker 1	Beaker 2	Beaker 3
A)	Glucose	Hydrochloric acid	Citric acid
B)	Hydrochloric acid	Citric acid	Glucose
C)	Citric acid	Hydrochloric acid	Glucose
D	Glucose	Citric acid	Hydrochloric acid

Answer: B

22. Melissa works in a laboratory. In order to investigate the type of chemical bonding in the three unknown solids, Melissa dissolves them in water and tests their electrical conductivity using the apparatus below.



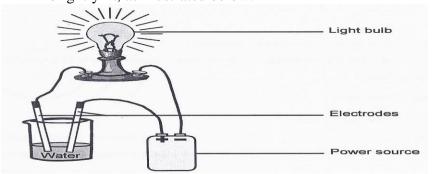
Melissa knows that ionically bonded solids will conduct electricity when dissolved in water, but covalently bonded solids will not. Which of the following samples, in their aqueous solutions, would ALL make the light bulb glow?

A) MgCO₃, I₂ and SiO₂

- C) NH₄OH. CaCl₂ and K₂O
- B) Fe₂O₃, N₂O₅ and NaCl
- D) KBr, $Ca(OH)_2$ and $C_6H_{12}O_6$

Answer: C

23. An unknown substance is dissolved in water. The aqueous solution is then tested is an experiment using a light bulb, two electrodes and a power source. The light bulb is brightly lit, as illustrated below.

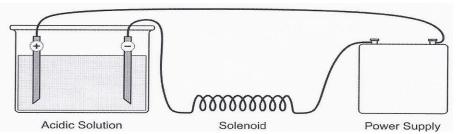


Which of the following statements best describes the scientific phenomenon?

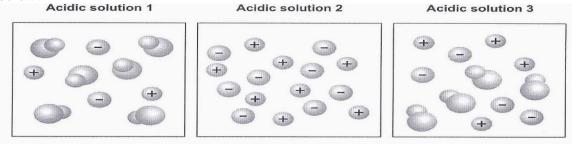
- A) The unknown substance does not produce ions in water
- B) The unknown substance produces very few ions in water
- C) The unknown substance undergoes high electrolytic dissociation
- D) The unknown substance does not undergo electrolytic dissociation

Answer: C

24. An engineering student is designing a circuit. The design is such that the circuit uses an acidic solution as shown below.



She wants to vary the intensity by using three different acidic solutions which are illustrated below.



Which of the following correctly ranks the acidic solution with dissociation from strongest to weakest?

- A) 1, 3 and 2
- B) 2, 1 and 3
- C) 3, 2 and 1
- D) 2, 3 and 1

Answer: D

Short Answer

25. The table shows the molecular formulas of different compounds. They are classified into three groups: acids, bases and salts. Determine the probable nature (acid, base or salt) of each group. Complete the table, indicating your choice.

GROUP	MOLECULAR FORMULAS	PROBABLE NATURE OF THE GROUP
1	NaOH	
1	$Ca(OH)_2$?
	HCH ₃ CO ₂	
2	HNO_3	?
	NaCl	
3	NaNO ₃	?

Answer: 1= base 2= acid 3- salt

26. Josie needs to neutralize a window-cleaner that contains ammonia. When she tests it with red litmus paper, the paper turns blue. What type of substance must she use to neutralize it?

Answer: Acid because the window cleaner is a base